IN THE CLAIMS:

The text of all pending claims, (including withdrawn claims) is set forth below. Cancelled and not entered claims are indicated with claim number and status only. The claims as listed below show added text with <u>underlining</u> and deleted text with <u>strikethrough</u>. The status of each claim is indicated with one of (original), (currently amended), (cancelled), (withdrawn), (new), (previously presented), or (not entered).

Please CANCEL claim 17 without prejudice or disclaimer, AMEND claims 11 and 16, and ADD new claims 18-20 in accordance with the following:

1. (Original) A method to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head using burst patterns, comprising:

seeking a target track on a magnetic disc to write a burst pattern on the target track; seeking tracks adjacent to the target track to write burst patterns on the adjacent tracks, the adjacent tracks being offtracked by a predetermined percentage toward the target track;

moving the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc and measuring an output signal of the magnetic head, to create an offtrack profile; and

determining an amplitude reduction ratio of the target track from the offtrack profile to determine the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the determining the amplitude reduction ratio of the target track from the offtrack profile to determine the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio comprises:

obtaining maximum amplitudes of the output signals of each of the target track and the adjacent tracks from the offtrack profile;

determining the amplitude reduction ratio of the target track; and determining the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein, the amplitude reduction ratio is determined using the equation:

Amplitude Reduction Ratio =
$$\frac{(Amp_{N-1} + Amp_{N+1})/2 - Amp_N}{(Amp_{N-1} + Amp_{N+1})/2}$$

where, AmpN indicates the maximum amplitude value for the target track, and AmpN-1 and AmpN+1 indicate the maximum amplitude values for the adjacent tracks, respectively.

- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising: setting a write current and a maximum overshoot value of the write current.
- 5. (Original) An apparatus to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head using burst patterns, comprising:
 - a burst pattern write unit that writes burst patterns on tracks on a magnetic disc;
- a profile creating unit that measures an output signal of the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc, to create an offtrack profile; and
- a magnetic write width measuring unit that determines an amplitude reduction ratio of a target track from the offtrack profile to determine the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.
 - 6. (Original) The apparatus of claim 5, further comprising:
- a database in which data to determine the magnetic write width based on the amplitude reduction ratio is stored.
- 7. (Original) A computer readable medium to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head using burst patterns, comprising:
- a first set of instructions seeking a target track on a magnetic disc and writing a burst pattern on the target track;
- a second set of instructions seeking tracks adjacent to the target track and writing burst patterns on the adjacent tracks, respectively, which are offtracked by a predetermined percentage toward the target track;

a third set of instructions moving the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc and measuring an output signal of the magnetic head, to create an offtrack profile; and

a fourth set of instructions determining an amplitude reduction ratio of the target track from the offtrack profile and determining the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.

- 8. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 7, wherein the fourth set of instructions comprises:
- a fifth set of instructions obtaining maximum amplitudes of the output signals of each of the target track and the adjacent tracks from the offtrack profile;
- a sixth set of instructions determining the amplitude ratio of the target track; and a seventh set of instructions determining the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.
 - 9. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 8, wherein: the sixth set of instructions employs the formula

Amplitude Reduction Ratio =
$$\frac{(Amp_{N-1} + Amp_{N+1})/2 - Amp_N}{(Amp_{N-1} + Amp_{N+1})/2}$$

where, AmpN indicates the maximum amplitude value for the target track, and AmpN-1 and AmpN+1 indicate the maximum amplitude values for the adjacent tracks.

- 10. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 7, further comprising: a fifth set of instructions setting a write current and a maximum overshoot value of the write current.
- 11. (Currently Amended) An apparatus to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head of an assembled hard disc drive, comprising:

a profile creating unit to measure an output signal of the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc to create an offtrack profile; and

a magnetic write width measuring unit to determine an amplitude reduction ratio of a target track from the offtrack profile to determine the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio, the amplitude reduction ratio being determined using output signals corresponding to a target track and tracks adjacent to the target track.

- 12. (Original) An apparatus to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head of a hard disc drive, comprising:
 - a burst pattern write unit to write burst patterns on tracks on a magnetic disc;
- a profile creating unit to measure an output signal of the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc to create an offtrack profile; and

a magnetic write width measuring unit to determine an amplitude reduction ratio of a target track from the offtrack profile to determine the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio,

wherein the hard disc drive is assembled prior to determination of the magnetic write width.

13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein:

the burst pattern write unit writes burst patterns to the target track and to tracks adjacent to the target track.

14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein:

the tracks adjacent to the target track are positioned at 20% offtrack positions toward the target track.

- 15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, further comprising:
- a database in which data to determine the magnetic write width based on the amplitude reduction ratio is stored.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A method to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head of an assembled hard disc drive, comprising:

moving the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc and measuring an output signal of the magnetic head, to create an offtrack profile; and

determining an amplitude reduction ratio of the target track from the offtrack profile and determining the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio, the amplitude reduction ratio being determined using output signals corresponding to a target track and tracks adjacent to the target track.

17. (Cancelled)

- 18. (New) (Original) An apparatus to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head of a hard disc drive, comprising:
 - a burst pattern write unit to write burst patterns on tracks on a magnetic disc;
- a profile creating unit to measure an output signal of the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc to create an offtrack profile; and
- a magnetic write width measuring unit to determine an amplitude reduction ratio of a target track from the offtrack profile to determine the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.
- 19. (New) An apparatus to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head of an assembled hard disc drive, comprising:

a profile creating unit to measure an output signal of the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc to create an offtrack profile, the offtrack profile including output signals corresponding to a target track and tracks adjacent to the target track; and

a magnetic write width measuring unit to determine an amplitude reduction ratio of a target track from the offtrack profile to determine the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.

20. (New) A method to determine a magnetic write width of a magnetic head of an assembled hard disc drive, comprising:

moving the magnetic head along a radial direction of the magnetic disc and measuring an output signal of the magnetic head, to create an offtrack profile, the offtrack profile including output signals corresponding to a target track and tracks adjacent to the target track; and

determining an amplitude reduction ratio of the target track from the offtrack profile and determining the magnetic write width corresponding to the determined amplitude reduction ratio.